Vacation Care Risk Assessment

Name of Day: Flying Doctors Date: 19/01/21 Number of children: 75 Number of Educators/Adults: 7 Transport Method: Onsite incursion Conclusion Time: 12 pm Commencement Time: 10 am Venue Address: Epping Heights Public School Description of the Activities: Flight Simulation Items to be taken on the excursion: First aid bags; staff walkie-talkies;

Which risk assessment safety points are relevant for today? (Please tick)

Adventure Play	Animals	Art & Craft / Creative	activities
Bushland/Water	environments	Children with additiona	l needs
Food & Cooking activity	Media & E	Entertainment DSport/Ph	าysical
Water Play] Excursion trav	vel Infectious Diseases	

Ensure risk assessments are available to parents on the day, that they have been read by all staff involved and any relevant risk preventative measures are illustrated to children.

Is a site visit required?	Yes	No
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If yes, please record name of staff member conducting site visit as well as the date of the visit.

Is there a site-specific risk assessment for the venue? Yes 📕 No 🗌 If yes, please print and make available to all staff and parents.

Other than risks presented in the above documents, please outline any activity specific risks on the table on page 2.

Potential Hazard	Who is at Risk?	Existing control measures	Risk Rating		Responsibilities
Trip hazards (tripping over power cords; tripping up the stairs)	Children and staff	Regular safety talks with children regarding appropriate behaviour.	4	 Staff are to direct children away from power cords when approaching 	Educators are responsible for monitoring and supervising child behaviour while approaching the flight simulator and discussing safety beforehand.
Electricity	The children	 Power points have flip over plastic case to cover electrical points Regular testing of electrical items takes place in line with school policies 	2	• For vacation care we can bring or use the insertable power point covers as these are	Educators have the responsibility to watch over children and make sure they aren't playing with or touching power points of electrical items
Children suffering claustrophobia or anxiety	The children	 Open dialogue regarding children's anxiety and how to find help/speak up when feeling anxious. Support networks with educators. 	4	be forced into participating in activity if they feel anxious or unsafe.	Staff are responsible for acting positively to students feeling anxious about the activity by either removing child from the activity, providing emotional support, supplying water and any other support that may be needed.

Ingonoropriato	The	- Outsido providore aro to	4	• OSLIC staff to be Staff advantage are to be
Inappropriate behaviour by outside providers	• The Children	 Outside providers are to provide a current Working with Children Check Staff to check WWWCs. Staff to child ratio of 1:15 is maintained. 	4	OSHC staff to be actively supervising and not leave children alone while at activity. Staff educators are to be actively supervising children while in the activity and be responsible for checking WWCCs.

Risk Assessment Matrix

Consequences / Impact Probability / Likelihood						
	Very Likely Could happen at any time	Likely Could happen some time	Unlikely Could happen but very rare	Very Unlikely Could happen but probably never will		
VERY HIGH - Kill or cause permanent disability or ill health	1	1	2	3		
HIGH - Long term illness or serious injury	1	2	3	4		
MEDIUM - Medical attention and several days off work	2	3	4	5		
LOW - First Aid required and no time off work	3	4	5	6		

Risk assessments are conducted to ensure that there is correct and reasonable supervision carried out for activities. If you believe an activity requires ratios other than 1:15 for an in-Centre day and 1:10 for an excursion day, please not this down in the preventive measures column and alert the Centre director to ensure appropriate planning occurs.

Name of educator completing this risk assessment: Mia Bianchino



Risk Assessment Report

Risk Assessment Scope: Royal Flying Doctors Mobile Education Unit

Ref: DBOADM001

Site: Dubbo RFDSSE Base	Risk Assessment Register Yes No D
Department: Operations and Administration	Assessment Date: 27 October 2014
Accountable Manager: Darren Schiller	Completion Date: 27 October 2014
Lead Assessor: Justin Marr	Team Members: Kendall Graham
Description of Activity:	
This risk assessment examines the risk associated with the public boar	rding the mobile education unit in various locations.
Activity Locations: Various .	People at Risk: Visitors, Volunteers and staff
Potential Harm To:	
☐ Financial	Reputation Environment Health Services
Assessment Team Competency Requirements: Familiarity with RFD	DS SE operations and the risk associated with the mobile education unit



Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment

Risk Assessment Scope: Royal Flying Doctors Mobile Education Unit

Ref: RA-ADM001

PART B

	Risk (Something occurs)	Cause(s)	Leading to (Description of Consequences)	Existing Controls	Risk Owner	Consequence Type	Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Further Actions	Task Owner	Date Required
F	Visitor/worker slips, trips and falls inside the visitor centre	 Trip hazards due to carpet incorrectly fitted of damaged Visitor centre stock levels not providing uninterrupted access for visitors/workers 	sustained - Significant fine issued to RFDS SE	- Visual inspection of the visitor before tours commence.	GM Operations	People and Safety	Insignificant	Possible	Low		Base Manager	



Risk Ref.	Risk (Something occurs)	Cause(s)	Leading to (Description of Consequences)	Existing Controls	Risk Owner	Consequence Type	Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Further Actions	Task Owner	Date Required
R2	Injury or illness sustained to visitor/worker due to environmental conditions	 Procedures not available for all emergency scenarios Differing environments of the site location of the simulator 	 Short and long term injury/illness from UV exposure Heat stress Slipping of injury around the Unit due to exposure to geographical location 	varying weather conditions - Air conditioning -	GM Operations	People and Safety	Insignificant	Possible	Low	 Provide a documented inspection procedures for workers to reference when performing visual inspection. Provide all site providers with documentation of safe site requirements and dimensions and particulars of the mobile unit 		

Risk Assessment Report - Version 2.0



	Risk (Something occurs)	Cause(s)	Leading to (Description of Consequences)	Existing Controls	Risk Owner	Consequence Type	Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Further Actions	Task Owner	Date Required
R3	Visitor/worker sustains injury/illness entering or within the education simulator	 Head strike sustained entering doorway Too many visitors in the education simulator at once Tripping on gutter 	 Heat stress Minor bruises, scratches, fracture. 	 Warning provided by workers Air conditioning inside the education simulator 	GM Operations	People and Safety	Minor	Possible	Medium	 Additional signage [Head Strike Caution] to be affixed to the door entry. Workers to be inducted RFDS SE WH&S and security procedures which outlines key risk areas at each visitor centre, including surrounding areas such as car parks and hangar facilities. Use of a temp ramp for elderly visitors to use to step up on gutter. Entry of 10 persons in unit at one time. 		



Risk Ref.		Cause(s)	Leading to (Description of Consequences)	Existing Controls	Risk Owner	Consequence Tvpe	Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Further Actions	Task Owner	Date Required
R4	Risk of falling when exiting the education unit	- Use of aeroplane stair at the front of the education unit with only one sit rail and small steps	 Minor bruises, scratches, fracture. 	 Hand rail on one side of the stairs RFDS worker at the bottom of stair at all time when unit in operation Non slip matting below stairs 	GM Operations	People and Safety	Minor	Possible	Medium	 Entrance of unit via the front stair and exit via back stair if possible 		

(*) Denotes above the RFDS SE risk tolerance.

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PART C										
Risk Assessment Results										
Highest Risk Rating	Medium (*)	Proposed Activity Commencement Date	28 October 2014							
Risks Reduced to ALARP? Yes	No 🖂	Activity Abandoned? Yes 🗌 No 🛛								
	e risks identified, I am satisfied that tour grou this activity can only occur with additional m	ps of varying ages can continue to visit the D itigation (refer to Further Actions).	ubbo Visitors Centre. However, as the risk							
Name: Justin Marr		Signature:								
Position Title: Quality and Safety Manage	r	Date: 27 October 2014								
Accountable Manager Approval: I am satisfied that the risks are not significant and/or adequately controlled and that resources required to address the identified mitigation actions will be provided.										
Name: Darren Schiller		Signature:								
Position Title: Base Manager Dubbo		Date:								
(*) Denotes above the RFDS SE risk to	blerance.									



RFDS SE RISK MATRIX

					CONSEQUENCE		
	Royal Flying Doctor Service		How severely could it hurt som	eone, damage something or impa	ct to the organisation. The magnit existing controls	ude of the consequence should I	be assessed in the context of
			Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Very High	Major
	Financial Operations People and Safety* (*Staff, contractor, visitor)		Loss of < \$50,000	Loss between \$50,000 and \$1,000,000	Loss between \$1,000,000 and \$5,000,000	Loss between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000	Loss of > \$ 10,000,000
			Short term disruption to operations; little/no impact to the customer	Short term to medium disruption to operations; customer affected < 5 hours	Medium to long term disruption to operations; customer affected between 5 and 24 hours	Extended disruption to operations during a critical period; customer affected between 1 and 3 days	Long term disruption to operations during a critical period for > 3 days
			Minor illness/injury which requires minimal intervention e.g. first aid (<2 days recovery)	Minor illness/injury affecting > 1 person or single injury requiring (3 -14 days recovery).	Illness/Injury that requires hospitalization and/or ongoing medical treatment for 1 or more person/s. (> 14 days to recover)	1 fatality or 10 to 20 major injuries/illnesses	Multiple deaths or major injuries (>5 fatalities or >20 major injuries)
	Reputation		Article in local newspaper(s) and/or local radio	Multiple articles in local newspaper and/or local radio/TV/localised social media attention.	Short term nationwide media coverage in national newspapers and/or national radio/TV/social media	Extended nationwide media coverage, radio, TV, social media and/or Government enquiry	Ongoing media headlines (several days/weeks), regulatory action undertaken
	Environment		Minor spill or pollutant Minor released.		linor environmental damage contained locally Over a widespread area		Extensive environmental damage over a widespread area
	Health Services		Reduced quality in patient experience/clinical outcome related to clinical care	Unsatisfactory quality in patient experience/clinical outcome related to clinical care – may be resolved locally	Unsatisfactory quality in patient experience/clinical outcome related to clinical care- may require external clinical care to resolve	Unsatisfactory quality in patient experience/clinical outcome related to clinical care- may result in long term patient morbidity; may result Total Permanent Disability(TPD)	Unsatisfactory quality in patient experience/clinical outcome related to clinical care- may result multiple Total Permanent Disability (TPD) and/or fatalities.
	Version 1.7		E	D	С	В	А
e identified red in the	Almost Certain Expected to occur in most circumstances (occur weekly) 5	5	Medium	High	High	Very High	Very High
OD ion) that th d be assest g controls	Likely Will occur in most circumstances (> 5 times/year)	4	Medium	Medium	High	High	Very High
LIKELIHOOD ency and duration) to an occur; should be a set of the existing cor	Possible May occur in some circumstances (1 time/5 yrs)	3	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
LIKELIHOOD likelhood (frequency and duration) that the identified consequence can occur; should be assessed in the ontext of the existing controls.	Unlikely Could occur in some circumstances (1 time/10 yrs)	2	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Likelhoo	Rare Will only occur exceptional circumstances (1 time/50 yrs)	1	Low	Low	Low	Medium	High

Risk Assessment Report - Version 2.0

- Page 7 of 8 -



PRIORITISING HAZARDS AND RISKS

ALERT MATRIX Version 1.0 (Draft)		CRITERIA	ACCOUNTABLE PERSON/s	REPORTING		
A5, B5, A4		Unacceptable under existing circumstances, requires immediate action.	RFDS SE Executive CEO	RFDS SE Board RFDS SE Executive GMT MAC	Immediate	
C5, D5, C4, B4, B3, A3, A2, A1	E5,D4, C3, B2,	Manageable under risk control mitigation and ongoing review/ monitoring.	CEO/General Managers	GMT QMSRM ASRB M&M	<3 Days	
Risk Tolerance						
E4, D3, C2, B1		Acceptable after review of the operation; ongoing monitoring required.	Quality and Safety Manager and Departmental (Line) Managers	QMSRM ASRB M&M	<14 Days	
E3, E2, E1, D2, D1, C1		Acceptable with continued data collection and trend monitoring for continued improvement.	Supervisor/Staff	QMSRM ASRB M&M	30 Days	

QMSRM – Quality Management System Review Meeting ASRB – Aviation Safety Review Board MAC - Medical Advisory Committee M&M - Morbidity and Mortality Meeting

Risk Assessment Report - Version 2.0

COVID-19 SAFETY PLAN Small Business Template



The questions in this form will help you to develop your **COVID-19 Safety Plan.**

Business name
Date completed D D M M Y Y Y Y
Workers and HSRs were consulted in relation to the development of this plan? Yes No
Who is responsible for reviewing and updating this plan? Keep your completed safety plan at your workplace: you do not need to submit this to WorkSafe Tasmania.

MANAGING RISK: YOUR DUTY OF CARE

Managing the risks of COVID-19

The minimum standards for managing the risks of COVID-19 have been determined by Public Health.

Under the Work Health and Safety Act 2012, as a business, you must manage the risks of COVID-19 entering or spreading in your workplace. In many businesses, you may not be able to eliminate the risk completely. Instead, you will need to consider other ways to reduce the risk as far as reasonably practicable. This may involve the use of substitution, isolation, engineering or administrative controls. Reducing the risk by using personal protective equipment, (PPE) is the lowest level of control. (Note that health experts advise that masks should not be used to control the risks unless caring for or interacting with a person who has or is highly likely to have contracted COVID-19.)

You must use the most effective level of control, noting that you may need a combination of controls. You must also maintain and regularly review your control measures to ensure they remain effective. More information on how to manage the risks of COVID-19 and apply controls is available on our website.

This plan will help you to identify exactly what actions you will take to put in place suitable and effective controls.

Restrictions and risks change constantly, so you should review and think about ongoing health and safety regularly, and update your plan accordingly. Check the Tasmanian Government advice on gatherings site regularly, as the numbers permitted to attend gatherings will change as the recovery stages are worked through. When you undertake your business activities they must be consistent with the Public Health directives at that time.

If you are changing your business operations, your systems of work, or the work tasks your workers perform, you will need to complete a risk assessment. This will show you how your WHS risks have changed, and help identify what changes you need to make to manage them.

Remember to consult with your workers and/or their health and safety representatives throughout the risk assessment process.



WorkSafe Tasmania Department of Justice

Minimum standard Managing risks to health and safety

Key things to consider:

What are the current legal requirements (e.g. public health orders, health directions) for my area and how do they apply to my business?

Does the nature of the work undertaken by my business (sources and processes) increase the risk of my workers being exposed to COVID-19?

Identify which workers are at risk of exposure

Identify what kind of control measures should be put in place, and

Check the effectiveness of existing control measures.

What effect will the COVID-19 controls you implement have on other hazard management controls you already have in place?

Information on this can be found at the Safe Work Australia website.

Have you considered ways to ensure that unwell workers do not come to work?

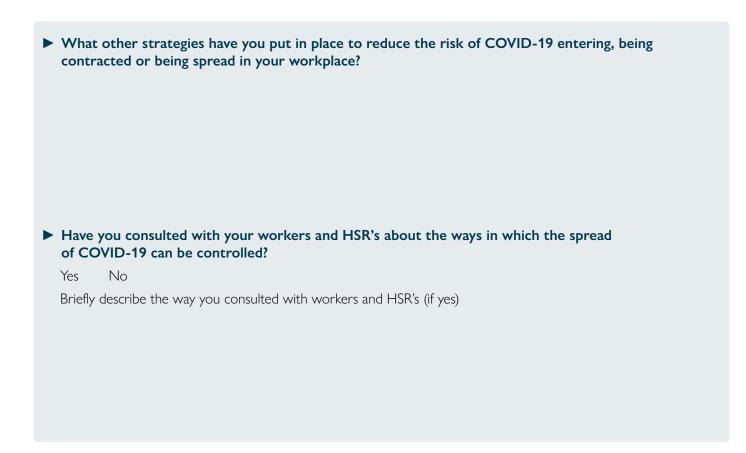
Yes No

Briefly outline anything you have done to reduce the chance of workers coming to work unwell

▶ Are there other ways COVID-19 may enter, be contracted or be spread in your workplace?

Yes No

Briefly describe these ways (if yes)



Minimum standard Cleaning and Hygiene

Cleaning

The employer must prepare, implement and maintain a schedule for cleaning, and where appropriate disinfecting, that ensures the workplace is routinely cleaned. This must include furniture, equipment and other items.

The cleaning schedule should be in writing so all workers are aware of the requirements. The schedule should take into account the level of risk of exposure to, contracting or spreading COVID-19 within the workplace.

This schedule is to set out both the frequency and method that cleaning and disinfecting is to be done.

Hygiene

The employer is to put a hygiene procedure in place to ensure all persons at the workplace are observing appropriate hygiene measures to minimise the risk of exposure to, contracting or spreading COVID-19 within the workplace. This procedure is to address the hand cleaning by workers and other people in the workplace using soap and water or the use of hand sanitiser, as appropriate for the circumstances.

Supplies and Equipment

The employer must provide all the supplies and equipment necessary to ensure that the cleaning schedule and hygiene procedure implemented for the workplace can be complied with. Consider also printing and displaying posters and signs on good hygiene and hand washing practices in bathrooms, kitchens and break rooms. See Safe Work Australia's posters, and SafeWork Australia's guide on how to clean and disinfect your workplace.

Cleaning

• Do you have a regular cleaning schedule for areas of workplace frequented by workers or others?

Yes No

Briefly outline your cleaning schedule

Do you clean frequently touched areas and surfaces regularly? Eg. EFTPOS, door knobs, handrails, keyboards, furniture?

Yes No Briefly outline your approach to cleaning these surfaces

Do you need to clean vehicles regularly?

Yes No Describe how and when you clean your vehicles

Hygiene

▶ What procedure do you have in place for ensuring good hygiene practices in your workplace?

Describe who has what tasks to undertake

Are you confident that your workers know about and are able to meet the hygiene requirements for regular handwashing/sanitising and cleaning of surfaces? Eg. provide bathroom & handwashing facilities adequate for frequent handwashing with soap & water.

Yes No

Supplies and Equipment

Are you clear on what cleaning products or services you will need? Eg. disinfectant, detergent, access to wash basins?

Yes No

Describe these

Have you considered making hand sanitiser available in frequented areas or upon entry/exit of rooms or workplaces for your workers and other people attending the workplace?

Yes No

Where have you placed them and how are they monitored to be refilled?

Minimum standard Restrictions on Entry to the Workplace

The employer must take all reasonable steps to ensure that a worker or others do not enter or attend the workplace if they display symptoms associated with COVID-19 or the worker/other has been required to isolate or quarantine.

This may include displaying signs at the front of your premises/workplace telling people not to enter if they have COVID-19 symptoms, cold/flu symptoms or have been in close contact with confirmed cases.

Have you displayed signs at all entries to your premises advising of your entry requirements, including that no one enters the workplace if they have been instructed to stay in isolation or quarantine?

Yes No Briefly outline what arrangements are in place

Are you able to trace who has been in your workplace?

Yes No Outline how you are doing this, e.g. sign in book, appointment book

If you have workers who work at other premises, how do you know where they have worked in the last 21 days?

Yes No

Explain how you are doing this, e.g. appointment book, rosters / work orders.

Minimum standard Physical Distancing at the workplace

An employer must take all reasonable steps to ensure as far as is reasonably practicable in the circumstances that:

- Each person at the workplace, or entering or leaving the workplace, maintains a distance of at least 1.5 metres from each other at the workplace, or when entering or leaving the workplace, and
- the total number of people present in a single space, at any one time, does not exceed the number calculated according to the current density requirement. Refer to <u>coronavirus.tas.gov.au</u> for the latest requirements.

If it is not reasonably practicable to comply with the physical distancing requirements described above, then the employer must ensure that control measures are implemented in keeping with the requirements to manage the risks to health and safety relevant to COVID-19.

A person at, entering or leaving a workplace must ensure that s/he complies with the requirements of the physical distancing requirements of that workplace, if it is reasonable to do so.

► Do you know what the capacity of your premises is?

Yes No

What is your premises capacity?

What is the maximum capacity per space and how did you work this out? (e.g. multiple length & width of the room in m2 and divide by current density requirement)

Explain how your workers and other people in your workplace will be able to maintain a minimum distance of 1.5 metres between each other while working?

Yes No

Briefly outline what changes, if any, you have made to the workplace. Eg. Physical barriers, line marking on floors

If 1.5 mts between people can't be maintained what other controls will you put in place? Eg. encouraged on-line meetings, reduced the number of people in the workplace

See SafeWork Australia's industry-specific guidance on appropriate arrangements for workplaces that are not able to maintain the physical distancing requirements outlined above. Go to <u>safeworkaustralia.gov.au</u> and search for 'physical distancing'.

Minimum standard **Providing instruction, training and supervision in respect to COVID-19**

The employer must provide each worker at the workplace (including contractors and volunteers) with information, training and instruction on:

- the risks in relation to COVID-19, and
- the control measures implemented in the workplace to mitigate those risks, in relation to COVID-19.

The employer must provide adequate supervision to ensure control measures are implemented in the workplace in relation to COVID-19.

The employer must also ensure that information and instruction is provided to other people in the workplace about the control measures in place to mitigate the risks of COVID-19 and the requirements of those people to apply the control measures as they are reasonably able.

The information and instructions are to be in a format that is reasonable to the circumstances, including the use of plain English. This may also include the use of pictures, and being provided in languages other than English.

Do you have information displayed clearly in the workplace so that everyone understands their obligations to reduce the risks posed by the COVID-19?

- Put up posters on how to wash hands (link)
- Provide information on how to limit the spread of germs (link)
- Put up signs requesting people limit touching items, surfaces
- Provide training or instruction on appropriate cleaning (link)
- Supervising workers when using specialist protective equipment

Yes No

Briefly outline your approach

▶ Have you documented COVID-19 procedures and have you trained your workers in these?

Yes No What do these procedures include?

 Inimum standard
 Responding to an incident of COVID-19 in the workplace

(Notify Public Health by phoning 1800 671 738)

Do you have a response plan in place detailing how your workplace will respond should the workplace become contaminated? Eg. a person in your workplace has a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19.

Yes No

Briefly outline that process

Review

As the situation with COVID-19 can change rapidly, make sure you regularly review your control measures to make sure they are still meet the minimum requirements and are managing the risks in the best possible way for your workplace.

Do you have a process for reviewing and adjusting the controls as circumstances change, and are using that process?

Yes No Briefly outline that process

Manager approval of your COVID-19 Safety Plan

Approved by				
► Signature				
Date completed D D M M Y Y Y				
Keep your completed safety plan at your workplace: you do not need to submit this to WorkSafe Tasmania.				

Record keeping (guidance only)

While not mandatory, any records your workplace can practically keep on the flow of people into the workplace will assist public health authorities should there be a positive case identified within your workplace.

Consider how records are kept on people in the workplace each day to support contact tracing if there is a positive case in your workplace. If possible, collect contact details, such as phone numbers given at the time of making bookings. All such records should be kept for a minimum of 21 days.

► Overflow

Record responses here if you have run out of space